# Review of the Range of Impacts and Benefits of the Columbia River Treaty on Basin Communities, the Region and the Province

Fauquier, B.C., June 15, 2013

## **Report Overview**

- Prepared in response to input from Basin residents
- Supported by the Ministry of Energy, Mines and Natural Gas, BC Hydro, and CBT
- Intended to 'paint the picture' of impacts and benefits related to the Treaty.

#### Scope

- Geographic: B.C. and the Columbia Basin in Canada (Kootenay and Columbia Rivers)
- Includes Mica, Revelstoke, Keenleyside/Arrow Lakes, Duncan, Libby/Koocanusa
- *Information*: Relied on readily available information (reports, web sites etc.)
- No analysis or "fact checking" beyond what was presented in other reports
- No First Nations impacts and benefits separate consultation

# **Report Challenges**

- Limited time frame
- Finding adequate data/information
- Impacts on individuals and ecosystems difficult to adequately describe with data

# Impacts, Compensation and Benefits

- Perspective on impacts and benefits depends on point of view
- Benefits and impacts occur at different times. Some were 'one time' and others are ongoing
- Compensation and mitigation response time frames relative to impacts
- Treaty terms are that the liability for impacts in Canada rest with Canada (B.C., BC Hydro)

# **Biophysical Impacts (Inundation)**

	Keenleyside	Basin Total
Lakes	34,992	39,919
Rivers	2,022	11,488
Streams	51	324
Shallow ponds	103	1068
<b>Gravel Bars</b>	3,263	3,658
Wetlands	3,432	12,647
Floodplains, Riparian		
Forests	3,564	26,664
<b>Upland Ecosystems</b>	3,844	23,586
Total	51,270 ha	119,353 ha

# **Biophysical Impacts**

- Entire terrestrial and aquatic ecosystems inundated
- Impacts on habitat for fish and other aquatic life, mammals, waterfowl and other birds
- Loss of natural features such as hot springs
- 2,153 ha of cultivated fields and 50 (ha) of cultivated orchards (Keenleyside) in the inundated area
- At low water, drawdown areas are unsightly, "dusty" and ecologically unproductive
- The new ecosystem needs ongoing support

# **Social Impacts**

- Inadequate consultation on CRT with Basin residents and First Nations
- Over 2,300 people were displaced
- Arrow Lakes: 1,350 ownerships, 3,144 parcels, over
   2,000 people and 615 households displaced, with 260 of those on farmsteads, 44 with commercial sales
- Concern about the process of private land acquisition and amount of compensation

# **Social Impacts**

- Unrealized commitments made by BC Hydro and/or the Province
- Communities lost access to wilderness
- Archaeological sites were inundated
- Lack of understanding system operations and how decisions are made results in a feeling that regional interests are not incorporated into operations

## **Economic Impacts**

- Loss of farms (260), farmland (5,893 acres) and orchards (200 acres)
- Loss of potential forestry (private land). The deletions from TFL 23 totalled approximately 962 ha (2,380 acres), with no change in AAC.
- Reservoirs were not fully harvested prior to flooding
- Loss of tourism and recreation activities and potential
- Loss of wildlife and fisheries impacted hunting, fishing and related recreation activities
- Fluctuations in water levels constrain tourism and recreation, and add to costs of forestry operations
- Problems with debris in the reservoirs

# **Economic Impacts**

- Reservoir access and infrastructure
- Loss of tax revenues related to the loss of private lands
- Grants in lieu of Taxes (GILT) are not related to municipal impacts or expenditures
- Employment benefits have not significantly benefited some of the most impacted communities
- Small communities have had difficulty adapting to these changes
- Some of the regional economic impacts also have consequences for the province (e.g., stumpage, licences)

# Compensation Programs (In areas affected by BC Hydro's facilities)

#### Fish and Wildlife Compensation Program -Columbia

- Consolidated in 1995 and began investing \$3.2 million annually (indexed)
- Over \$4.5 million in 2012
- Since 1995, \$67 million invested in 750 projects that conserve and enhance fish, wildlife and habitat
- CPC annual environmental program 2012 \$421,000
- No FWCP for Koocanusa (note: in 2013, CBT provided \$3 million for conservation and enhancement programs)

# Compensation Programs (In areas affected by BC Hydro's facilities)

#### Water Use Planning (WUP)

- WUP's developed 2000-2007
- Based on public, First Nations and stakeholder consultation
- Plans address flow management priorities, fish, waterfowl, riparian and wildlife habitat, dust and debris, wetlands, reservoir access, research
- Columbia River investment: Over \$115 million, 2008 to 2020, \$47.4 million to date
- Duncan investment: \$13.4 million, 2008 to 2018,
   \$5.5 million to date
- No WUP for Koocanusa, Kootenay Lake

## **Regional Benefits**

- Flood Control: Last year, water levels would have been 2 m (6.5 ft.) higher on Kootenay Lake
- Grants-in-lieu of Taxes (GILT): BCH and CPC pay approximately \$5.5 million (No GILT for Koocanusa)
- Tourism and Recreation: Provincial Parks and Forestry Recreation Sites.
- Four Arrow Lakes Provincial Parks had 155,270
   visitors in 2010
- 11,400 boat launches in 2011

# **Regional Benefits**

#### **Regional Construction employment:**

 approximately 33,000 person years, or an average of 685 construction jobs per year since 1964

#### Permanent Regional Employment (2012):

BCH: 109 and 11 temporary

• FWCP: 4

CPC and CBT: 82

- The total employment budgets: \$24 million
- Contracted services: \$16-18 million
- <u>Construction Mitigation:</u> infrastructure, dikes, roads, settlements, facilities, parks, spawning channels

# Regional Benefits: Columbia Basin Trust

- Created in 1995 "to support efforts by the people of the Basin to create social, economic and environmental wellbeing"
- B.C. provided \$276 million for power projects, \$45 million endowment and \$2 million per year from 1995-2010
- B.C. also established Columbia Power Corporation (CPC) to act as a joint venture partner and endowed it with \$250 million

# Regional Benefits: Columbia Basin Trust

- Over \$18 million in Distribution of Benefits to communities in 2012
- Programs include Community Initiatives (CIP) and Affected Areas (AAP), Community Development, Water, Environment, Economic, Social and Youth
- Since 1996, total delivery of benefits has been \$90 million with over half of that since 2009/10
- Current level of benefits expected to continue until 2017/18 when annual benefits are expected to double

#### **Provincial Benefits**

Electricity Generation at Mica (Treaty) 1,800 MW and growing

- Additional Generation
  - Revelstoke, Kootenay Canal (3,060 MW) (28 % of BCH Total)
  - Arrow Lakes, Brilliant Expansion (305 MW) (68% of CPC total)
- Non-Treaty Storage (5 MAF at Mica/Arrow Lakes)
  - additional head (Mica), power shaping and flow management
  - NTSA agreement with the U.S. generates approximately \$12 million in BCH revenue and environmental benefits to both countries
- The Columbia Basin provides approximately 44% of BCH generation capacity. B.C. electricity rates are the 3<sup>rd</sup> lowest in Canada

#### **Provincial Benefits**

#### Canadian Entitlement (from the U.S.)

Provides between \$100-300 million annually to the Province (\$202 million average over the last 10 years)

#### **Water Rental**

- Fee based on size of facility, storage and power output
  - BCH approximately \$120 million annually
  - CPC approximately \$7 million annually

#### **Provincial Crown Land Occupation Fees**

For facilities and reservoirs - approximately \$365,000 in 2012

#### **Provincial Benefits**

#### **BCH and CPC Payments to the Province**

- BCH \$260M average annual over the last ten years
   The Columbia Basin share was approximately \$106
   million
- CPC pays the Province a \$2 million annual dividend

#### **Other Provincial Benefits**

 Tax revenues from wages, goods and services, Park fees, hunting and fishing licences

#### Thanks!

- Chris Trumpy, Ministry of Energy, Mines and Natural Gas
- Heather Matthews, BC Hydro
- Maureen DeHaan, BC Hydro
- Cindy Pearce, CRT LGC