

# Columbia Region Operations

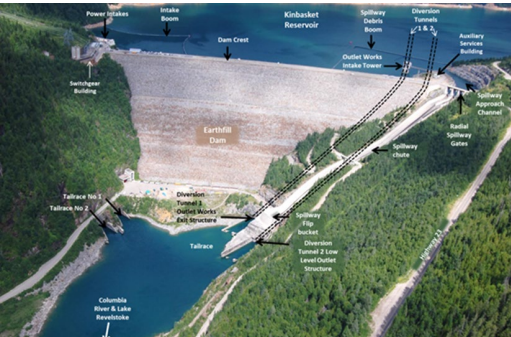
Gillian Kong, Operation Planning Engineer - GSO

# Columbia Basin Map



- Canada has 15% of the basin area, but produces, on average, 38% of total basin runoff
- Snowmelt contributes about 70% of the annual runoff
- Rain on snow can produce high peak flows
- 50% of the worst Columbia flood flows (1894) at Portland came from Canada.
- northern basins (Mica & Revelstoke) have highest and most consistent runoff
- runoff in southern basins is lower and more uncertain
- Columbia River Treaty – a 1961 agreement between Canada and U.S. to improve on power and flood control benefits in both countries

# System Schematic

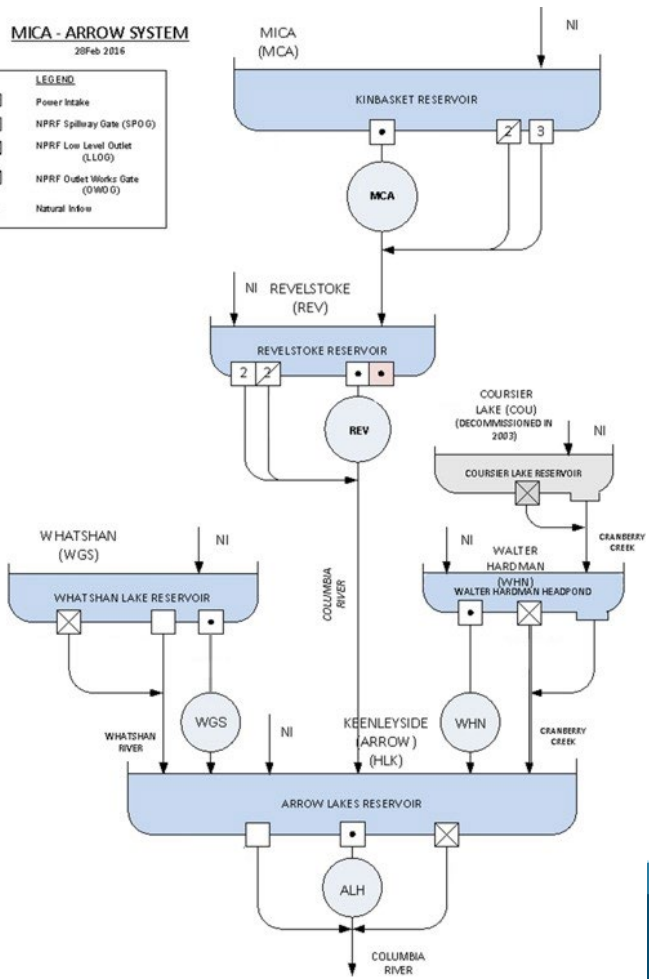


## MICA - ARROW SYSTEM

28Feb 2016

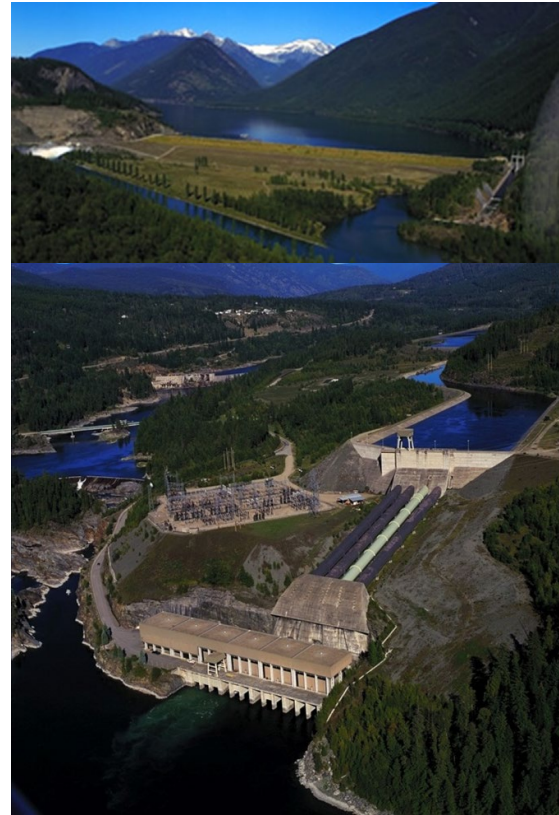
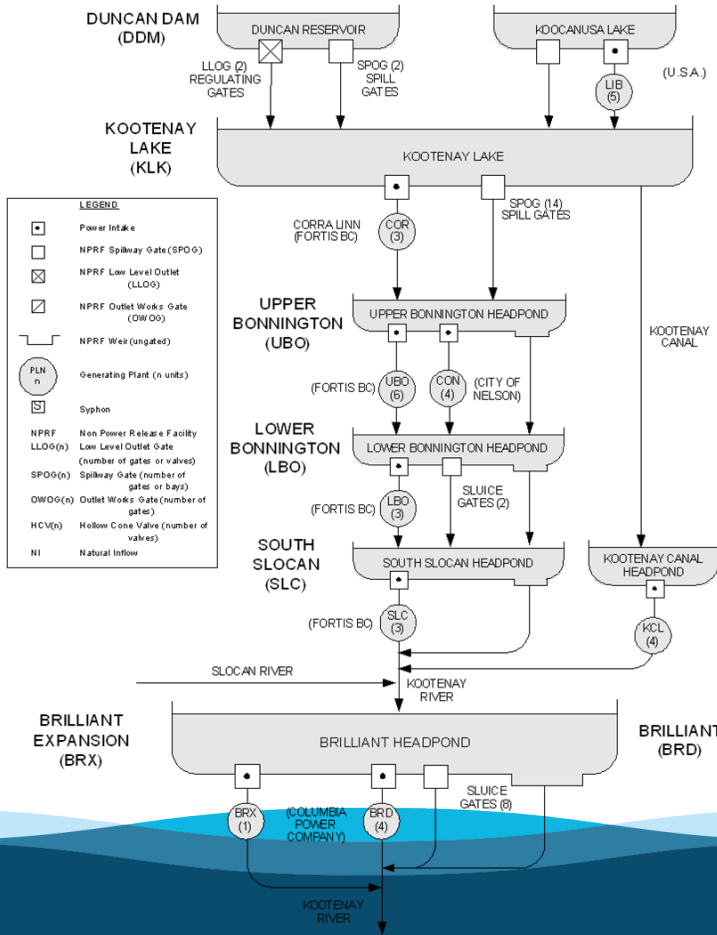
**LEGEND**

- Power Intake
- NPRF Spillway Gate (SPOG)
- NPRF Low Level Outlet (LLO)
- NPRF Outlet Works Gate (OWOG)
- NI Natural Inflow



# System Schematic & General Layout

## KOOTENAY RIVER SYSTEM



# Current Operations Outlook

- Several atmospheric weather events in fall/winter set near to record high precipitation and with it brought heavy snow in the Columbia/Kootenay basin.
- Wet spring and continued late season snow resulted in at or near record high accumulations for this time of year in the Col/Koot basin.
- The May 1<sup>st</sup> Water Supply Forecast varies between 105 to 117% of normal for the Canadian Columbia basin.
- Basin inflows at or near record low in Apr and May due to unusually delayed freshet this year.
- High snowpack and a compressed freshet could mean higher than normal peak flows and levels this spring and summer
- BC Hydro is preparing for high forecast inflows by drafting our reservoirs as deep as required prior to the freshet.
- It is possible to see elevated water levels and discharges this spring and summer depending on actual runoff.

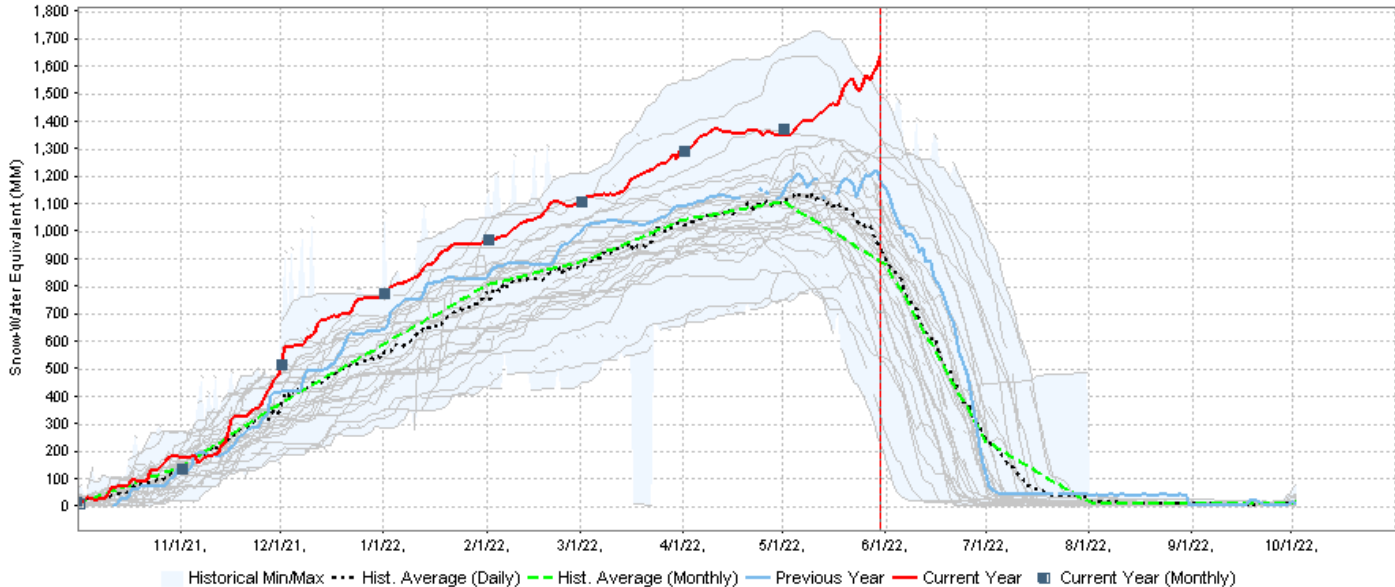
# Current Operations Outlook

- Spring and summer water levels and discharges depend on a variety of factors.
  - A slow snowmelt and dry summer weather could mean near normal operations for the Columbia and Kootenay facilities.
  - A rapid snowmelt and heavy rainfalls could mean spill releases and above normal reservoir levels and discharges across the summer and fall
- Nonregulated rivers and creeks such as Lardeau River is subject to increased local flood risk.
- Kootenay River flows are forecast to peak in June.
- Lower Columbia flows/levels are expected to peak in June/July.
- Upper Columbia Kinbasket reservoir will see levels peak in August
- BC Hydro will continue to closely monitor conditions and share information as it becomes available.

# Columbia Snowpack

Molson Creek El. 1935 m (Mica):

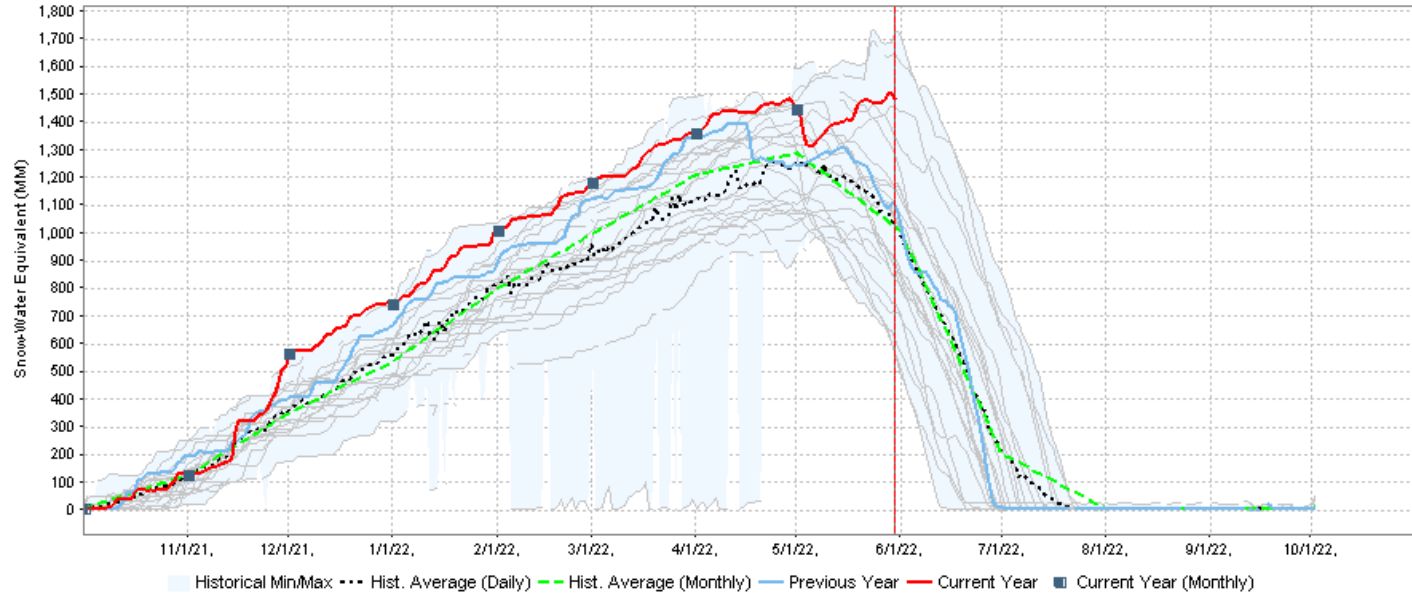
**2A21P - Molson Creek [Elevation 1980 m, Lat 52°14', Lon -118°14']**



# Columbia Snowpack

St. Leon El. 1800 m (ARD):

**2A06P - Mount Revelstoke [Elevation 1830 m, Lat 51°02', Lon -118°09']**

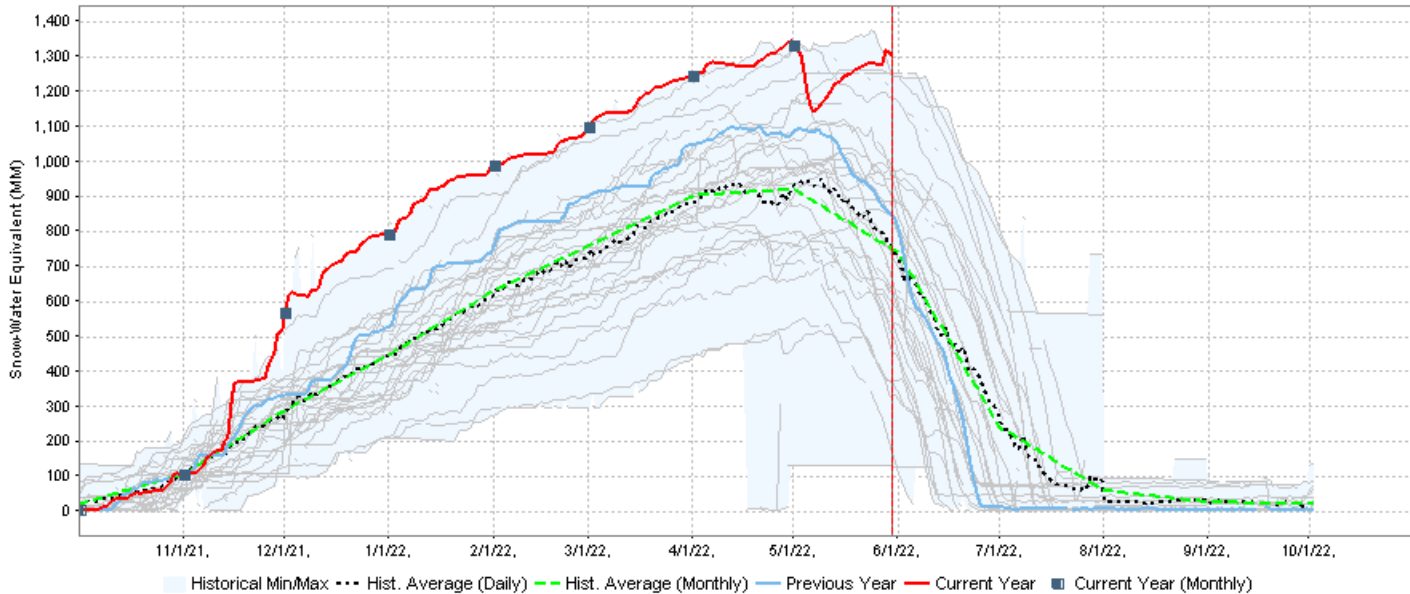




# Kootenay Snowpack

East Creek El. 2030 m (DCN):

**2D08P - East Creek [Elevation 2030.0 m, Lat 50°38', Lon -116°56']**

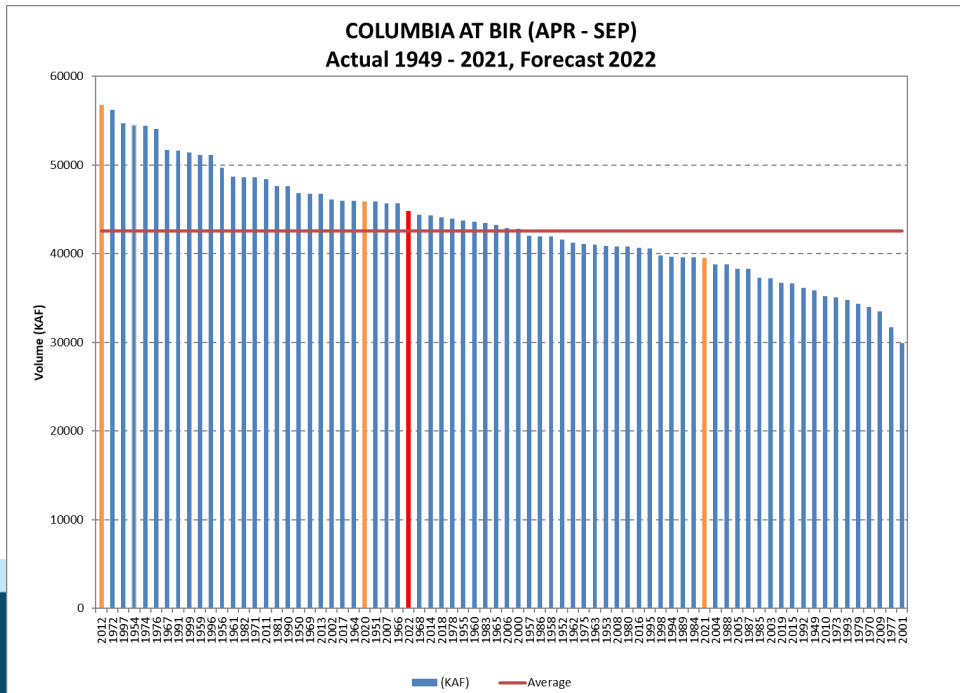


# Canadian Columbia Water Supply

## May 1<sup>st</sup> May-Sep 2022 BCH WSF

- Mica: 113%
- Revelstoke: 112%
- Arrow: 117%
- Duncan: 111%
- Kootenay Lake: 105%

Normal is based on 1991 – 2020



# Reservoir Operations

- Operating controls:
  - Dam Safety
  - Columbia River Treaty
  - BC Hydro's water licenses
  
- Operational considerations:
  - flood risk mitigation
  - economic energy production
  - commercial, environmental, and social interests as defined under the Water Use Plan
  
- Operational design:
  - Facilities are designed to safely pass the PMF with the existing discharge facilities
  - Spill through dam spillway and outlet works is anticipated under high inflow conditions
  - Dams are designed to store a predetermined amount of water

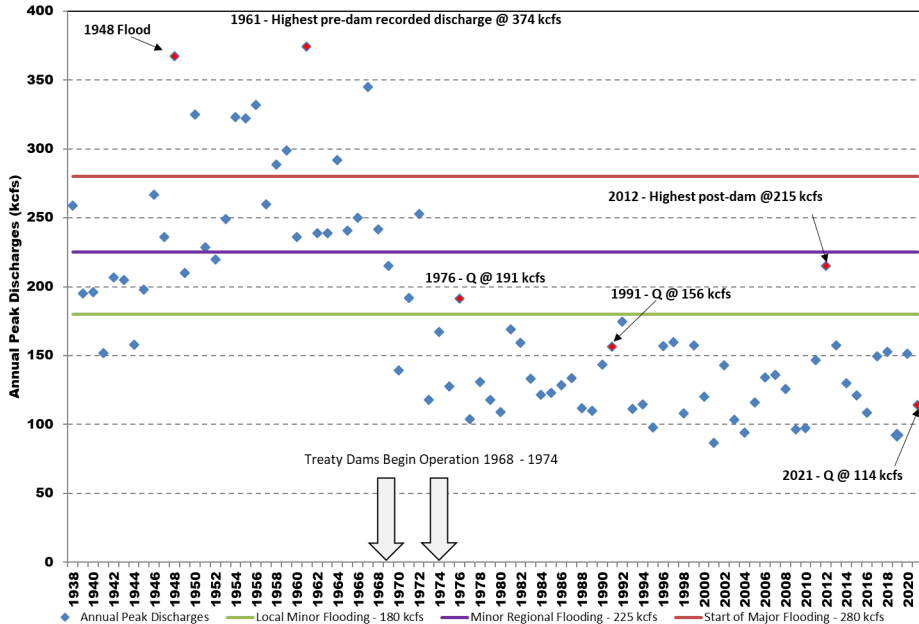
# Flood Risk Management

1  
2

- Under high inflow events, reservoirs are drafted as deep as required prior to the start of freshet
- During refill, BC Hydro may undertake spill and/or surcharge our reservoirs by 1 – 2 ft to control reservoir refill and reduce peak flows downstream.
- GSO shares forecast information and coordinates internally when flood risk increases.
- Under large inflow events, BC Hydro also coordinates flood risk management operations with the U.S. under the Columbia River Treaty.
- Presence of dam significantly reduces flood peaks but cannot eliminate likelihood of flooding.
- Flood plain development ultimately remains at risk to large inflow events beyond BC Hydro's control.

# Treaty Flood Control Benefits: Birchbank

**Columbia River at Trail/Birchbank  
Annual Peak Discharges 1938 - 2021**

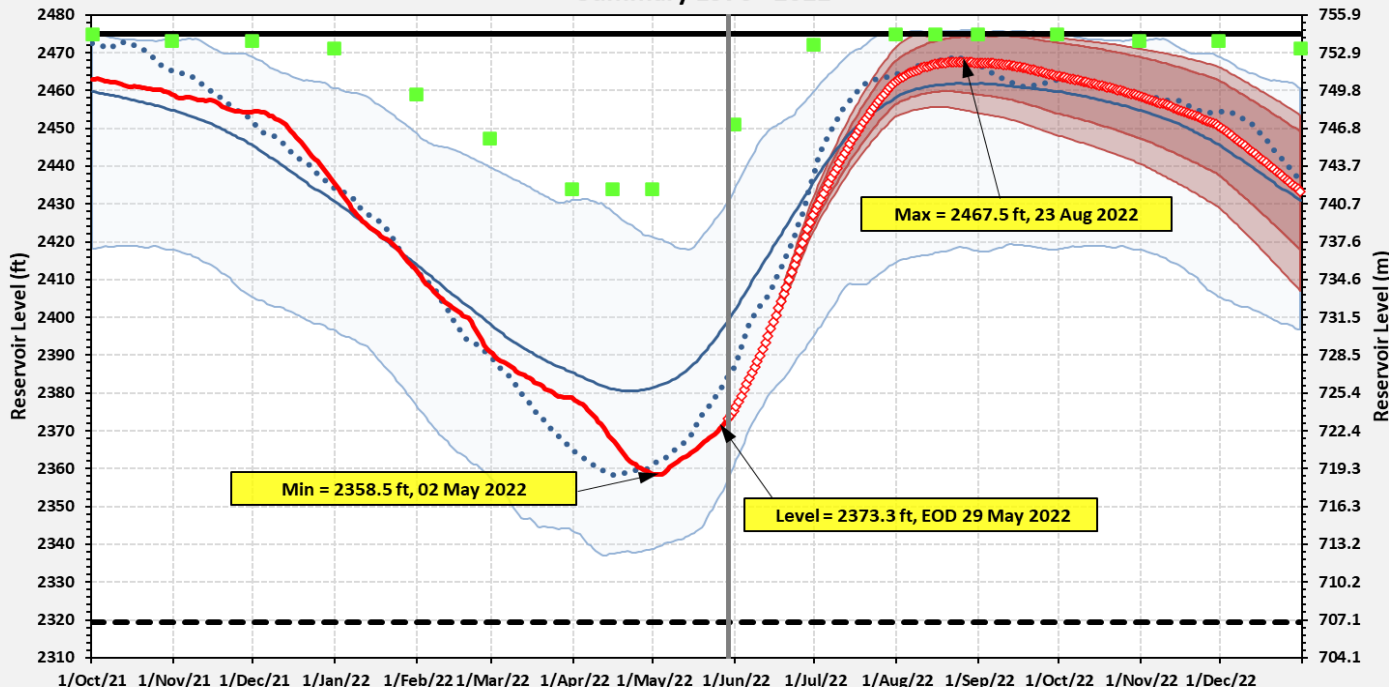


- All CRT dams provide flood protection at Castlegar/Trail in BC and for Tri-Cities and Portland/Vancouver in U.S.
- Flows at Trail significantly lower with all the CRT dams in place since 1974.
- 1961 → highest pre-dam discharge at 374 kcfs.
- 2012 → highest post-dam discharge at 215 kcfs.
- In 2012, CRT reservoir operation reduced peak river flow by 40%.

# KINBASKET RESERVOIR (MCA) LEVELS

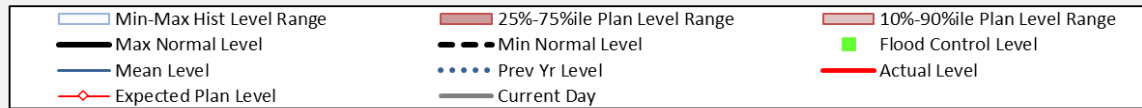
## Summary 1976 - 2022

Forecast Date: May 29, 2022



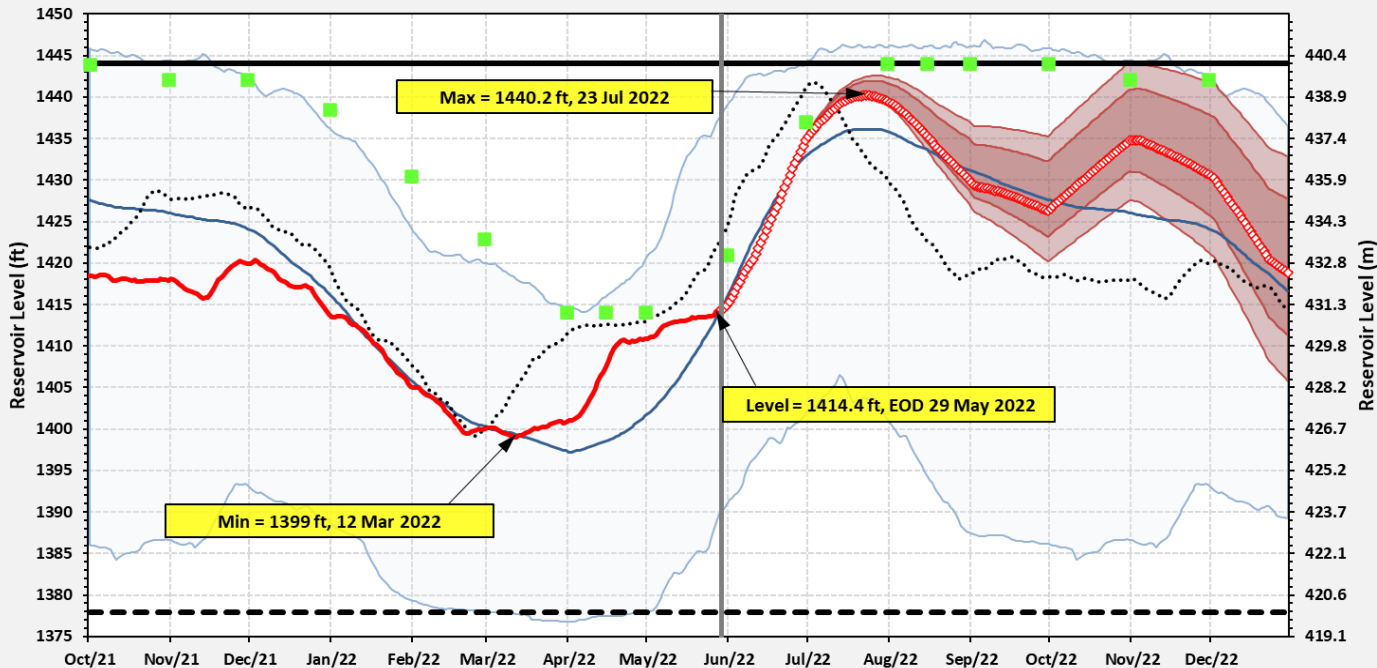
This forecast is confidential and is the property of BC Hydro. The forecast is subject to change at any time without notice. Distribution of the forecast to any third party or use by any unintended recipient is prohibited without BC Hydro's written consent. Notes:

- Reservoir levels up to 2476' may be required for flood risk management in the Canadian portion of the Columbia basin or for the U.S. under the Columbia River Treaty.
- Reservoir level forecasts are subject to change due to changes in projected weather, snowpack, and runoff patterns in the Columbia basin, BC Hydro's load and generation requirements, provisions of the Columbia River Treaty, and other variables during this period.
- BC Hydro expressly disclaims any warranties or representations with respect to this forecast. BC Hydro accepts no liability arising from the use of this forecast. BC Hydro will make reasonable efforts, but is not obliged, to provide updates when the forecast changes.



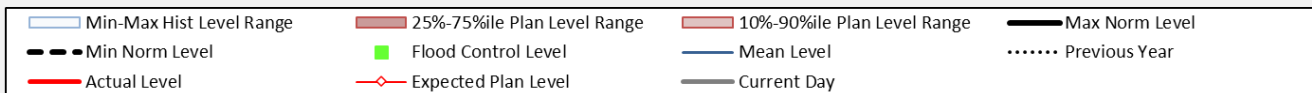
# ARROW LAKES RESERVOIR (ARD) LEVELS

## Summary 1968 - 2021 and Actual / Forecast 2022/2023



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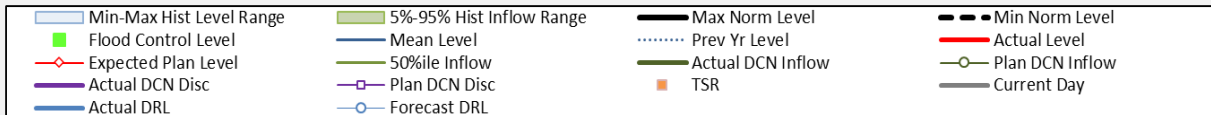
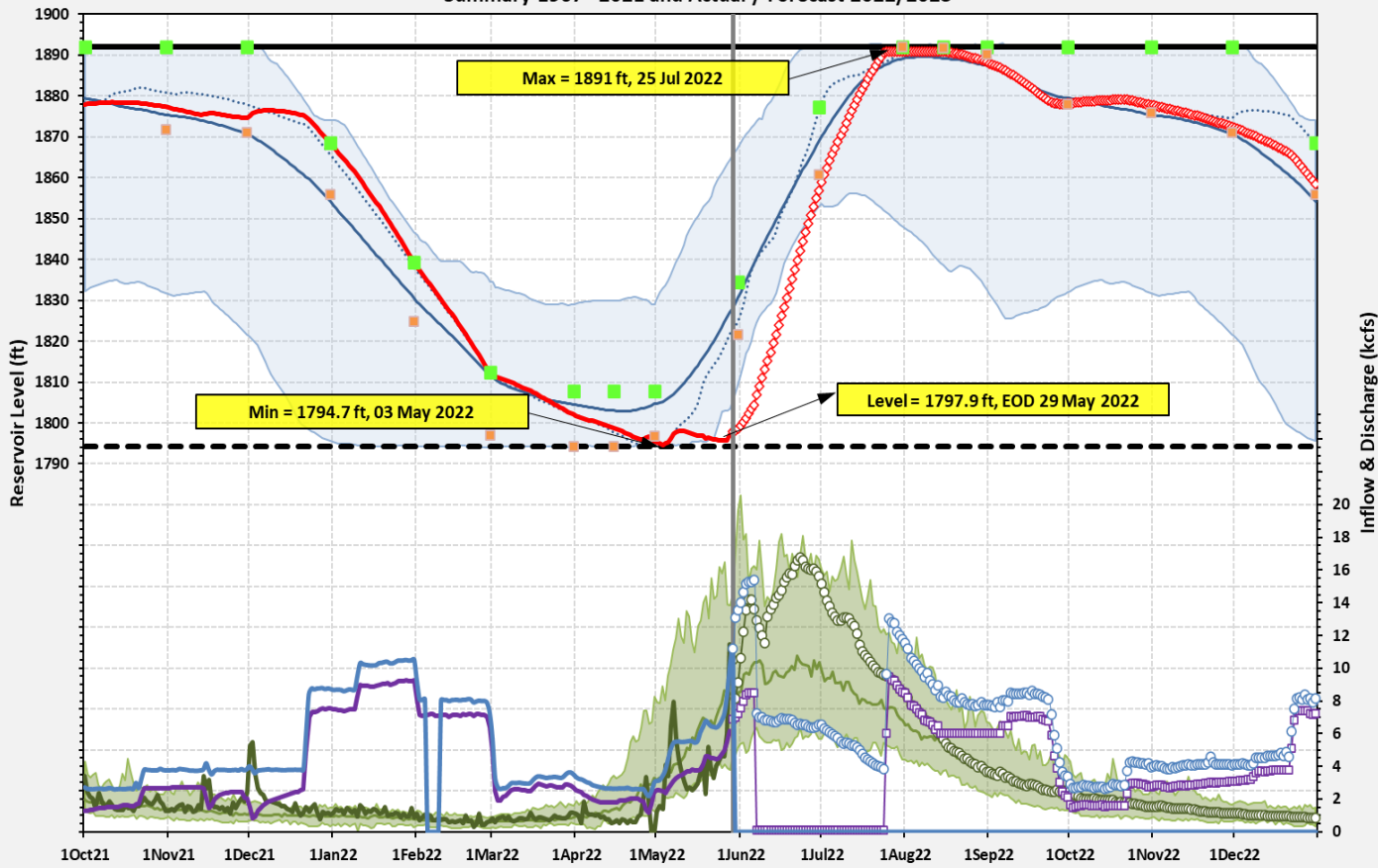
- Reservoir levels up to 1446' may be required for flood risk management in the Canadian portion of the Columbia basin or for the U.S. under the Columbia River Treaty.
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# DUNCAN RESERVOIR (DCN) LEVELS & FLOWS

ESP: May 27, 2022  
Forecast Date: May 29, 2022

Summary 1967 - 2021 and Actual / Forecast 2022/2023





# COLUMBIA RIVER AT BIRCHBANK AVERAGE DAILY DISCHARGE

(Brilliant Project + Brilliant Expansion + Brilliant Spill + Arrow Lakes Hydro + Hugh Keenleyside)

